

\*E-Filed 11/15/11\*

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA  
SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION

JOSE B. ORTIZ,

No. C 05-3067 RS (PR)

Petitioner,

**ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE**

v.

ANTHONY HEDGPETH,

Respondent.

**INTRODUCTION**

This is a federal habeas corpus action filed pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254 by a *pro se* state prisoner. The petition was stayed pending exhaustion of state judicial remedies. The action has been reopened and the amended petition is now before the Court for review pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2243 and Rule 4 of the Rules Governing Section 2254 Cases.

**BACKGROUND**

According to the petition, in 2000, a San Benito County Superior Court jury convicted petitioner of murder. Consequent to the verdict, petitioner was sentenced to 50 years-to-life in state prison.

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## DISCUSSION

This Court may entertain a petition for writ of habeas corpus “in behalf of a person in custody pursuant to the judgment of a State court only on the ground that he is in custody in violation of the Constitution or laws or treaties of the United States.” 28 U.S.C. § 2254(a). A district court considering an application for a writ of habeas corpus shall “award the writ or issue an order directing the respondent to show cause why the writ should not be granted, unless it appears from the application that the applicant or person detained is not entitled thereto.” 28 U.S.C. § 2243. Summary dismissal is appropriate only where the allegations in the petition are vague or conclusory, palpably incredible, or patently frivolous or false. *See Hendricks v. Vasquez*, 908 F.2d 490, 491 (9th Cir. 1990).

As grounds for federal habeas relief, petitioner claims that (1) there was insufficient evidence to support the murder conviction; (2) he was denied a full and fair hearing on his motion to suppress under the Fourth Amendment; (3) the trial court violated his right to due process by making prejudicial comments and “ruling out” some lesser included felonies as being unsupported by the evidence; (4) he was denied due process when the trial court denied his requests for two pinpoint instructions;<sup>1</sup> (5) he was denied due process when the trial court instructed the jury with CALJIC No. 1.22; (6) the prosecutor withheld evidence in violation of *Brady v. Maryland*, 373 U.S. 83 (1963); and (7) there was cumulative error. Liberally construed, Claims 1 and 3–7 appear to be cognizable in a federal habeas action. Claim 2, however, will be DISMISSED without leave to amend. Such claims are not generally cognizable on federal habeas review. *Stone v. Powell*, 428 U.S. 465, 481–82, 494 (1976), bars federal habeas review of Fourth Amendment claims unless the state did not provide an opportunity for full and fair litigation of those claims. The existence of a state procedure allowing an opportunity for full and fair litigation of Fourth Amendment claims, rather than a defendant’s actual use of those procedures, bars federal habeas consideration of those claims.

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<sup>1</sup> This is a consolidation of Claims 4 & 6 in the amended petition.

1 *See Gordon v. Duran*, 895 F.2d 610, 613–14 (9th Cir. 1990) (whether or not defendant  
2 litigated Fourth Amendment claim in state court is irrelevant if he had opportunity to do so  
3 under California law). California state procedure provides an opportunity for full litigation  
4 of a Fourth Amendment claim. *See* Cal. Pen. Code § 1538.5.

### 5 CONCLUSION

6 1. The Clerk shall serve by certified mail a copy of this order, the petition and all  
7 attachments thereto, on respondents and respondents' counsel, the Attorney General for the  
8 State of California. The Clerk shall also serve a copy of this order on petitioner.

9 2. Respondents shall file with the Court and serve on petitioner, within **ninety (90)**  
10 days of the date this order is filed, an answer conforming in all respects to Rule 5 of the  
11 Rules Governing Section 2254 Cases, showing cause why a writ of habeas corpus should not  
12 be granted based on petitioner's cognizable claims. Respondents shall file with the answer  
13 and serve on petitioner a copy of all portions of the state trial record that previously have  
14 been transcribed and that are relevant to a determination of the issues presented by the  
15 petition.

16 3. If petitioner wishes to respond to the answer, he shall do so by filing a traverse  
17 with the Court and serving it on respondents' counsel within **thirty (30)** days of the date the  
18 answer is filed.

19 4. In lieu of an answer, respondents may file, within **ninety (90)** days of the date this  
20 order is filed, a motion to dismiss on procedural grounds, as set forth in the Advisory  
21 Committee Notes to Rule 4 of the Rules Governing Section 2254 Cases. If respondents file  
22 such a motion, petitioner shall file with the Court and serve on respondents an opposition or  
23 statement of non-opposition within **thirty (30)** days of the date the motion is filed, and  
24 respondents shall file with the Court and serve on petitioner a reply within **fifteen (15)** days  
25 of the date any opposition is filed.

26 5. Petitioner is reminded that all communications with the Court must be served on  
27 respondents by mailing a true copy of the document to respondents' counsel.


1           6. It is petitioner's responsibility to prosecute this case. Petitioner must keep the  
2 Court and respondents informed of any change of address and must comply with the Court's  
3 orders in a timely fashion. Failure to do so may result in the dismissal of this action for  
4 failure to prosecute pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(b).

5           7. Upon a showing of good cause, requests for a reasonable extension of time will be  
6 granted provided they are filed on or before the deadline they seek to extend.

7           8. **The persons listed as respondents in the petition are not now the proper**  
8 **respondents in this action. Anthony Hedgpeth, Warden of Soledad State Prison, is the**  
9 **proper respondent in this action, as he is the custodian having day-to-day control over**  
10 **petitioner, the only person who can produce "the body" of the petitioner. *Brittingham***  
11 ***v. United States*, 982 F.2d 378, 379 (9th Cir. 1992) (quoting *Guerra v. Meese*, 786 F.2d**  
12 **414, 416 (D.C. Cir. 1986)). The Clerk shall change the docket to list Anthony Hedgpeth**  
13 **as sole respondent in this action.**

14           IT IS SO ORDERED.

15           DATED: November 15, 2011

  
RICHARD SEEBORG  
United States District Judge